# Saizeriya Co., Ltd., Financial Results Briefing Materials for the Second Quarter of the Fiscal Year Ending August 31, 2025

(53<sup>rd</sup> Fiscal Year from September 1, 2024, to August 31, 2025)





### Contents

**Consolidated earnings** Non-consolidated earnings **Earnings by segment Number of outlets** Increase and decrease in net sales Increase and decrease in operating income Management index Trend of opening/closing outlets Trend of business results Number of outlets by region in Japan **Capital investment Consolidated earnings forecast** 

#### **Consolidated Earnings**

Unit: million yen

	Actual results	Previous year	Year-on year Increase/	Budget	Compared to budget Increase/
			decrease		decrease
Net sales	121,572	104,634	116.2%	122,100	99.6%
Net sales	121,372	104,034	16,938	122,100	-527
Grass profit	70,595	61,439	114.9%	71,700	98.5%
Gross profit	70,595	01,439	9,156	71,700	-1,104
Operating income	6 105	5,934	104.2%	7 200	85.9%
Operating income	6,185		250	7,200	-1,014
Ordinary in come	C 470	C 400	99.9%	7 000	90.0%
Ordinary income	6,479	6,482	-3	7,200	-720
Not in a succe	4.000	0.554	182.8%	4 600	101.5%
Net income	4,669 2,55		2,114	4,600	69

The budget is the earnings forecast announced on October 9, 2024. Net sales and operating income are above those of the previous year.

## **Consolidated Earnings** — Sales Ratios Compared to the Previous Year

Unit: million yen

	Actual	results	Previo	Ratio	
	Amount	Sales ratio	Amount	Sales ratio	difference
Net sales	121,572		104,634		
Cost of sales	50,976	41.9%	43,194	41.3%	0.6%
Gross profit	70,595	58.1%	61,439	58.7%	-0.6%
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	64,410	53.0%	55,504	53.0%	-%
Operating income	6,185	5.1%	5,934	5.7%	-0.6%
Ordinary income	6,479	5.3%	6,482	6.2%	-0.9%
Net income	4,669	3.8%	2,554	2.4%	1.4%

The ratio of cost of sales is up 0.6 percent.

The ratio of selling, general, and administrative expenses remains at the same level.

The ratio of operating income is down 0.6 percent.

#### **Nonconsolidated Earnings**

Unit: million yen

	Actual	Actual Previous			Compared to budget
	results	year	Increase/ decrease	Budget	Increase/ decrease
Net sales	79,814	67,329	118.5%	76,900	103.8%
Net Sales	19,014	01,329	12,485	70,900	2,914
Ouese muefit	42,947	36,717	117.0%	40.000	101.5%
Gross profit	42,347	30,717	6,230	42,300	647
Operating income	644	24	1,847.7%	4 200	53.7%
Operating income	044	34	609	1,200	-555
Ordinantinaama	4 652	0.422	17.5%	2 400	78.8%
Ordinary income	1,653	9,432	-7,778	2,100	-446
Not in a area	005	0.044	11.3%	4 000	77.1%
Net income	925	8,214	-7,289	1,200	-274

The budget is the earnings forecast announced on October 9, 2024. Net sales, operating income, etc. are above those of the previous year.

# Nonconsolidated Earnings – Sales Ratios Compared to the Previous Year Unit: million yen

	Actual r	esults	Previou	Previous year		
	Amount	Sales ratio	Amount	Sales ratio	difference	
Net sales	79,814		67,329			
Cost of sales	36,867	46.2%	30,611	45.5%	0.7%	
Gross profit	42,947	53.8%	36,717	54.5%	-0.7%	
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	42,302	53.0%	36,682	54.5%	-1.5%	
Operating income	644	0.8%	34	0.1%	0.7%	
Ordinary income	1,653	2.1%	9,432	14.0%	-11.9%	
Net income	925	1.2%	8,214	12.2%	-11.0%	

The ratio of cost of sales is up 0.7 percent.

The ratio of selling, general, and administrative expenses is down 1.5 percent.

The ratio of operating income is up 0.7 percent.

### **Segment Earnings** – By Segment

Unit: million yen

		Net sales		Ор	erating inco	me	
	Q2/2025	Q2/2024	Year-on- year	Q2/2025	Q2/2024	Year-on- year	
Corporation	Current period	Previous period	Difference	Current period	Previous period	Difference	
Soizoriyo	70.044	67 220	118.5%	644	34	1,847.7%	
Saizeriya	79,814	67,329	12,485	644	644	34	609
Augtvelie	E 44E	4.077	115.8%	24.0	245	62.6%	
Australia	5,415	4,677	737	216	345	-129	
Acia	44 755	27 202	112.0%	F 22F	F FF6	96.0%	
Asia	41,755	37,292	4,462	5,335	5,556	-220	
Elimination of			_			_	
intra-company	-5,412	-4,665	-747	-11	-2	-9	
transactions			116.2%			104.2%	
Total	121,572	104,634	16,938	6,185	5,934	250	
			10,330			250	

<sup>\*</sup>The segment "Asia" includes the net sales of 637 million yen and operating income of 26 million yen of the Guangzhou Food Factory.

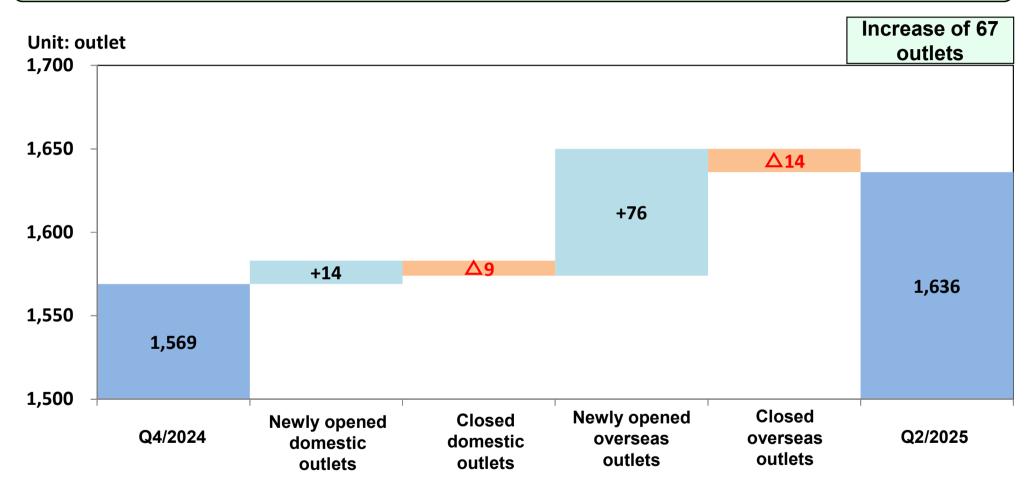
### **Segment Earnings – Breakdown of the Outlets in Asia**

Unit: million yen

		Net sales		Operating income			
	Q2/2025	Q2/2024	Year-on- year	Q2/2025	Q2/2024	Year-on- year	
Corporation	Current period	Previous period	Difference	Current period	Previous period	Difference	
Shanghai	11,112	10,350	107.4% 761	1,744	2,175	80.2% -431	
Guangzhou	12,437	10,816	115.0% 1,620	1,308	1,369	95.6% - <del>60</del>	
Beijing	4,474	4,163	107.5% 311	441	530	83.1% -89	
Hong Kong	7,627	6,637	114.9% 989	934	770	121.4% 164	
Taiwan	1,911	1,699	112.5% 212	305	293	104.0% 11	
Singapore	4,191	3,625	115.6% 565	574	416	138.0% 158	
Total of the outlets in Asia	41,755	37,292	112.0% 4,462	5,308	5,556	95.6% -247	

#### **Number of Outlets**

#### Number of outlets: 1,636 (an increase of 67 outlets)



Consolidated net increase of 67 outlets (domestic net increase of 5 outlets/overseas net increase of 62) compared to the fourth quarter 2024.

The number of domestic outlets is 1,043 and the number of overseas outlets is 593. The ratio of the number of overseas outlets is 36.2%.

#### **Number of Outlets – Breakdown**

	Newly opened outlets		Closed	outlets	Number of outlets as of the end of the fiscal year	
	Current period	Previous period	Current period	Previous period	Current period	Previous period
Japan	14	4	9	13	1,043	1,046
Shanghai	25	13	3	10	186	160
Guangzhou	32	24	7	4	211	170
Beijing	10	7	1	5	74	68
Hong Kong	4	1	2	2	64	58
Taiwan	2	0	0	0	23	21
Singapore	3	1	1	1	35	32
Total	90	50	23	35	1,636	1,555

The accumulated total for second quarter of 2025 is a consolidated net increase of 67 outlets (domestic net increase of 5 outlets/overseas net increase of 62).

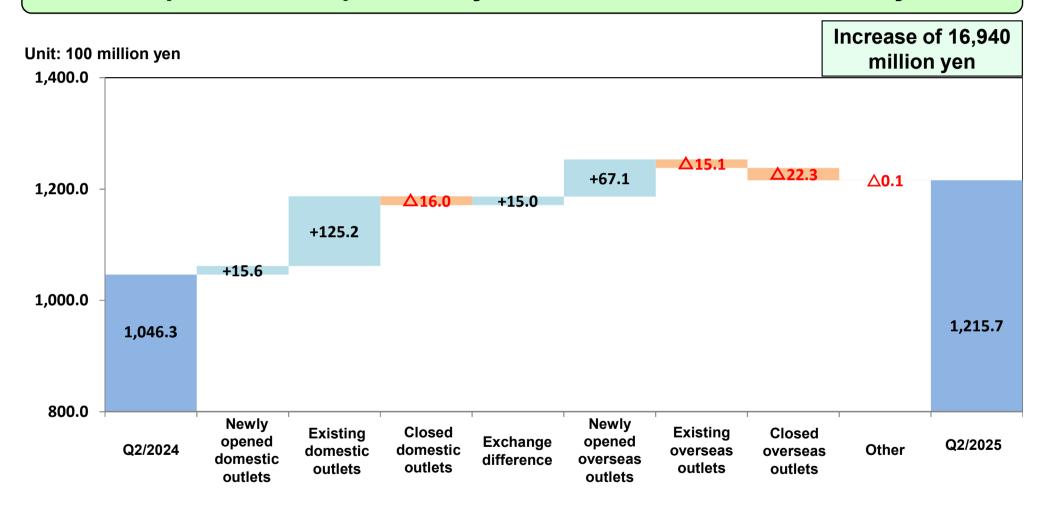
The accumulated total for the second quarter of 2024 is a consolidated net increase of 15 outlets (domestic net decrease of 9 outlets/overseas net increase of 24).

The number of overseas outlets is 593, and the ratio of the number of overseas outlets is 36.2%. Shanghai, Guangzhou, Beijing, Hong Kong, and Taiwan from July 2024 to December 2024. Japan and Singapore from September 2024 to February 2025.

9/32

#### **Net Sales** – Increase /Decrease in Sales

#### Compared to the previous year: 116.2% +16,940 million yen



Japan: +12,480 million yen

Overseas: +4,460 million yen (+2,930 million yen when excluding the exchange rate impact)

Other:  $\triangle 0.0$  million yen

10/32

#### **Net Sales** – Increase /Decrease in Sales

#### Compared to the previous year: 116.2% +16,930 million yen

Consolidated net sales are 121,500 million yen.

Domestic net sales are 79,800 million yen and overseas net sales are 41,700 million yen with the ratio of overseas sales being 34.3%.

#### Factor for the increased net sales

Consolidated total 16,930 million yen (116.2%)

Domestic total 12,480 million yen (118.5%)

Newly opened outlets 1,560 million yen
Existing outlets 12,520 million yen
Closed outlets △1,600 million yen

Overseas total 4,460 million yen (112.0%)

Newly opened outlets

Existing outlets

Closed outlets

△1,510 million yen

△2,230 million yen

Exchange difference

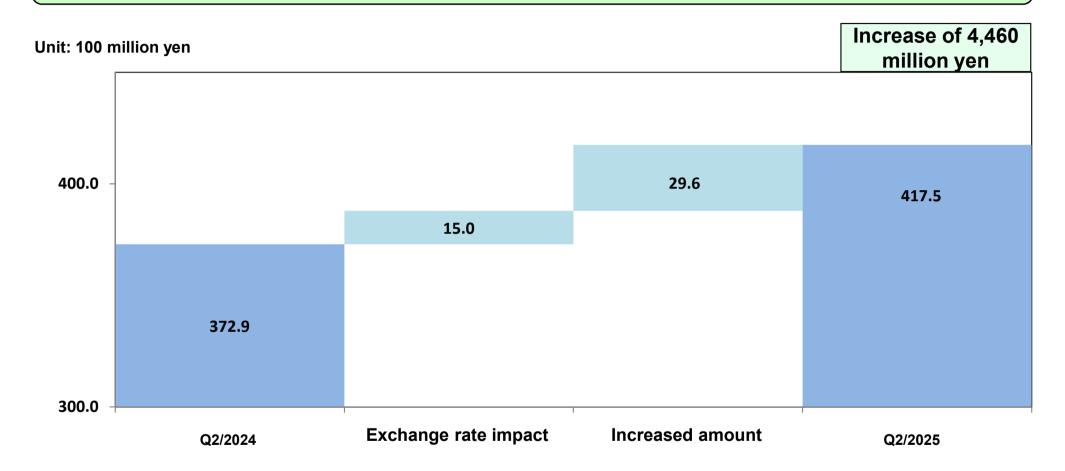
1,500 million yen

Other △10 million yen

) represents the percentage compared to the previous year.

#### **Net Sales** – Increase and Decrease in Overseas Sales

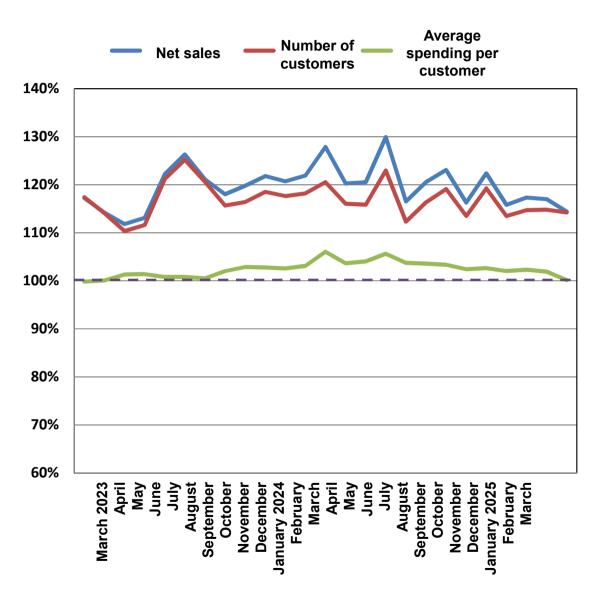
#### Compared to the previous year: 112.0% +4,460 million yen



Exchange rate impact: +1,500 million yen

Increased amount: +2,960 million yen

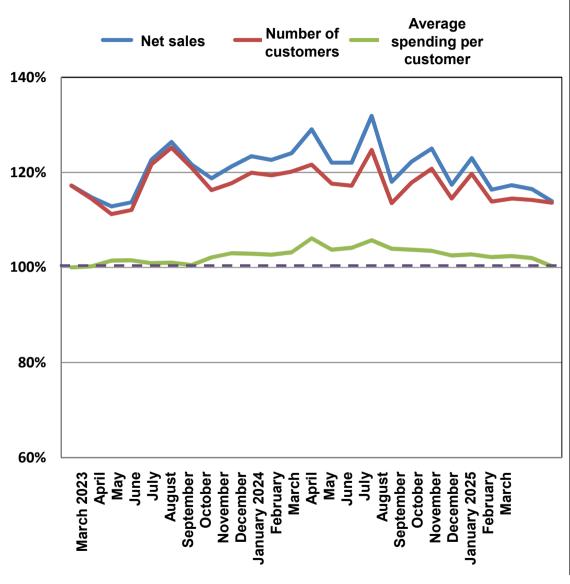
#### **Net Sales Compared to the Previous Year – All the Outlets in Japan**



	Net sales	Number of customers	Average spending per customer
March 2023	117.2%	117.4%	99.8%
April	114.2%	114.1%	100.1%
May	111.8%	110.4%	101.3%
June	113.1%	111.6%	101.4%
July	122.2%	121.2%	100.8%
August	126.3%	125.2%	100.8%
September	121.1%	120.6%	100.5%
October	118.0%	115.7%	102.0%
November	119.8%	116.4%	102.9%
December	121.8%	118.5%	102.8%
January 2024	120.7%	117.7%	102.6%
February	121.9%	118.2%	103.1%
March	127.9%	120.6%	106.1%
April	120.3%	116.1%	103.7%
May	120.6%	115.9%	104.1%
June	129.9%	123.0%	105.6%
July	116.5%	112.3%	103.8%
August	120.5%	116.4%	103.6%
September	123.1%	119.1%	103.3%
October	116.3%	113.5%	102.4%
November	122.4%	119.2%	102.6%
December	115.8%	113.5%	102.1%
January 2025	117.3%	114.7%	102.3%
February	117.0%	114.8%	101.9%
March	114.4%	114.3%	100.2%

<sup>\*</sup>The above figures represent only the figures related to the restaurant-type Saizeriya and do not include the figures of other business types.

#### **Net Sales Compared to the Previous Year – Existing Outlets in Japan**

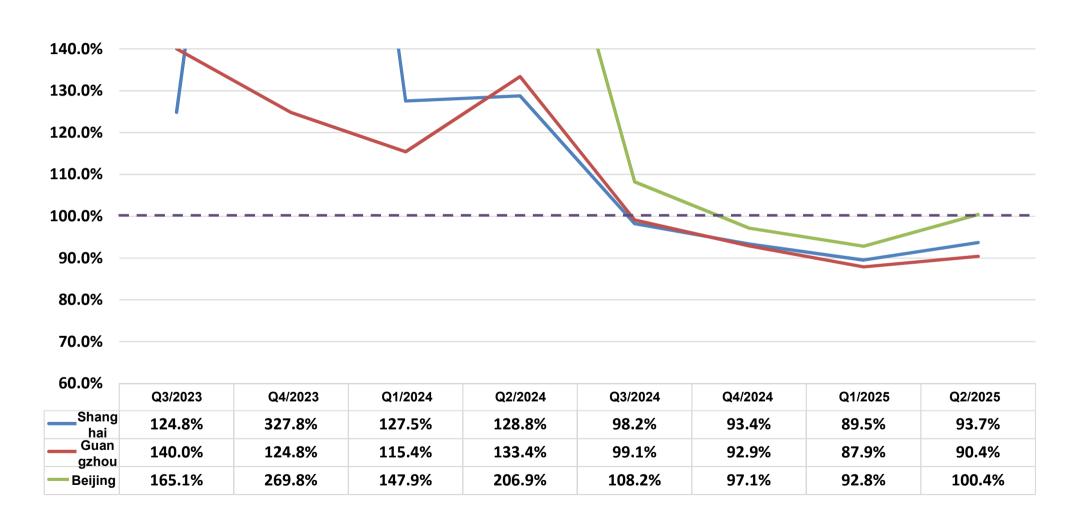


	Net sales	Number of customers	Average spending per customer
March 2023	117.2%	117.2%	100.0%
April	114.7%	114.5%	100.2%
Мау	112.8%	111.2%	101.5%
June	113.7%	112.1%	101.5%
July	122.7%	121.7%	100.9%
August	126.4%	125.2%	101.0%
September	121.7%	121.0%	100.5%
October	118.7%	116.3%	102.1%
November	121.3%	117.7%	103.0%
December	123.4%	119.9%	102.9%
January 2024	122.6%	119.4%	102.7%
February	124.0%	120.2%	103.2%
March	129.1%	121.6%	106.1%
April	122.0%	117.6%	103.7%
May	122.1%	117.2%	104.1%
June	131.9%	124.7%	105.7%
July	118.0%	113.5%	104.0%
August	122.3%	117.9%	103.8%
September	125.0%	120.8%	103.5%
October	117.4%	114.5%	102.5%
November	123.0%	119.7%	102.8%
December	116.4%	113.9%	102.2%
January 2025	117.3%	114.5%	102.4%
February	116.5%	114.2%	102.0%
March	113.9%	113.6%	100.3%

<sup>\*</sup> The above figures represent only the figures related to the restaurant-type Saizeriya and do not include the figures of other business types.

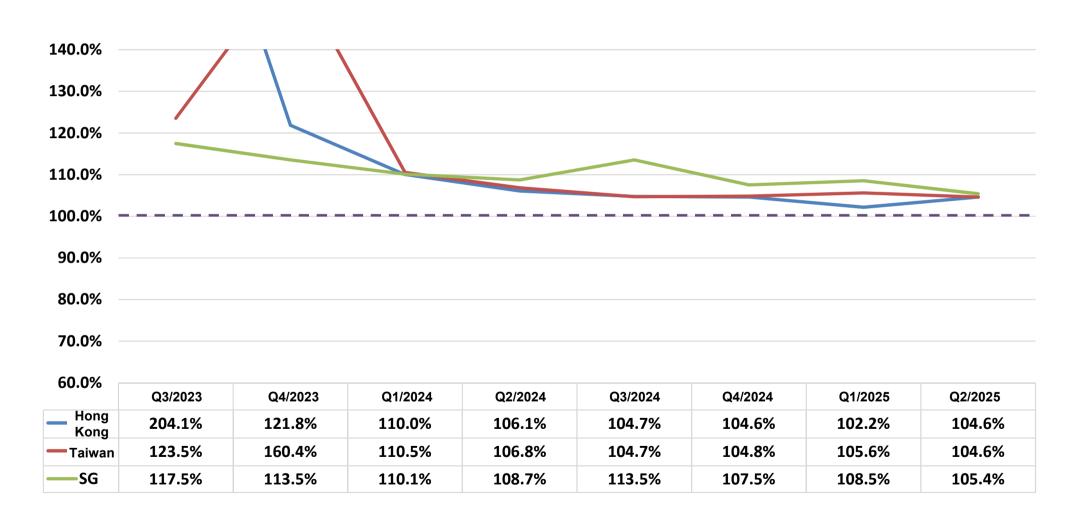
#### **Net Sales Compared to the Previous Year – Existing Overseas Outlets**

#### Shanghai 93.7, Guangzhou 90.4, Beijing 100.4%



#### **Net Sales Compared to the Previous Year – Existing Overseas Outlets**

### Hong Kong 104.6%, Taiwan 104.6, SG 105.4%



# Number of Customers – Consolidated Increase and Decrease

#### Compared to the previous year: 111.9% +15.0 million customers



Total number of customers: 141.6 million customers

Number of domestic customers: 94.8 million; Domestic customers ratio: 66.0%

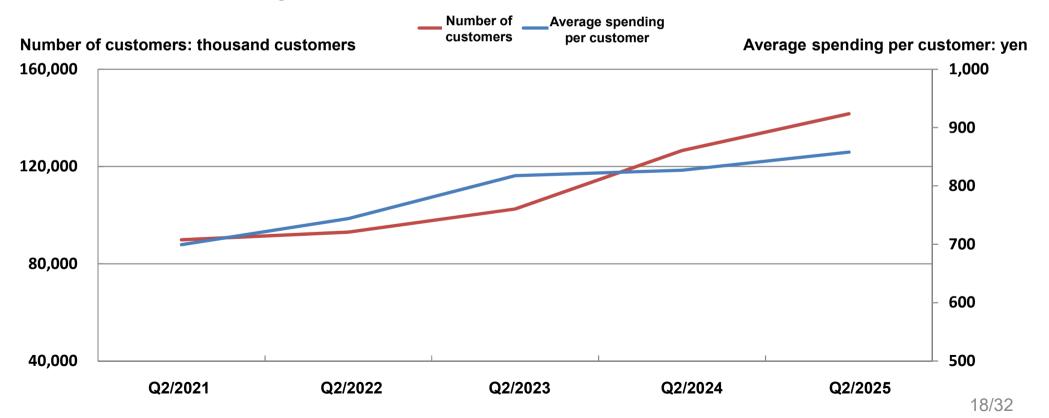
Number of overseas customer: 46.8 million; Overseas customers ratio: 34.0%

17/32

#### Number of Customers/Average Spending Per Customer – Consolidated

		Q2/2021	Q2/2022	Q2/2023	Q2/2024	Q2/2025
Net sales	(million yen)	62,869	69,211	83,870	104,634	121,572
Number of customers	(thousand customers)	XY XX5	93,011	102,562	126,566	141,684
Average spending per customer	(yen)	699	744	818	827	858

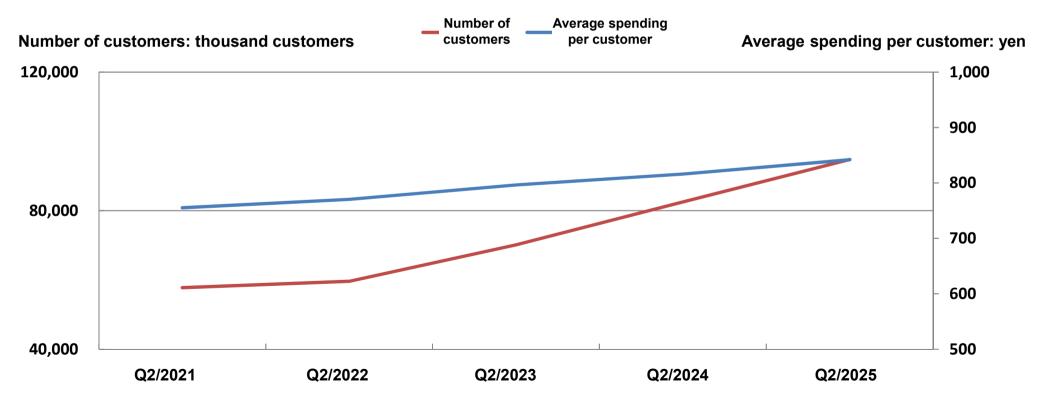
<sup>\*</sup>The above is the consolidated figures.



#### Number of Customers/Average Spending Per Customer – in Japan

		Q2/2021	Q2/2022	Q2/2023	Q2/2024	Q2/2025
Net sales	(million yen)	43,638	45,936	55,855	67,329	79,814
Number of customers	(thousand customers)	57,783	59,628	70,138	82,555	94,783
Average spending per customer	(yen)	755	770	796	816	842

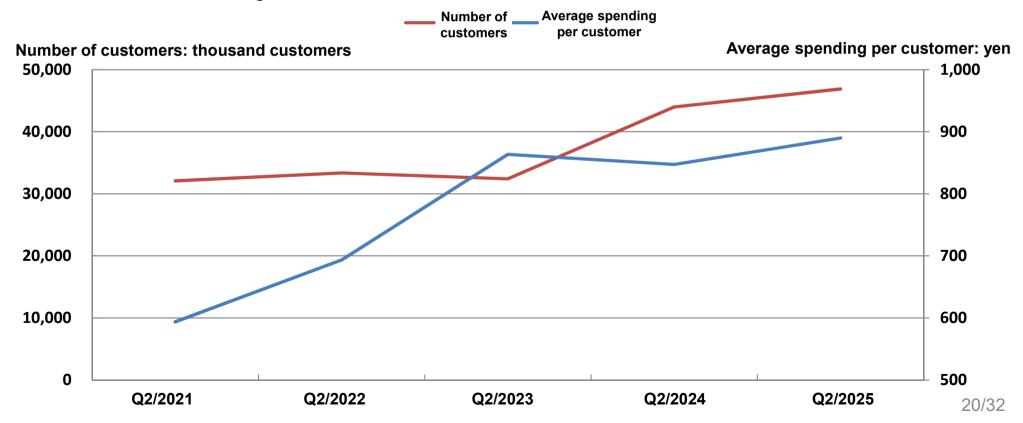
<sup>\*</sup>The above is the domestic figures.



#### **Number of Customers/Average Spending Per Customer – Overseas**

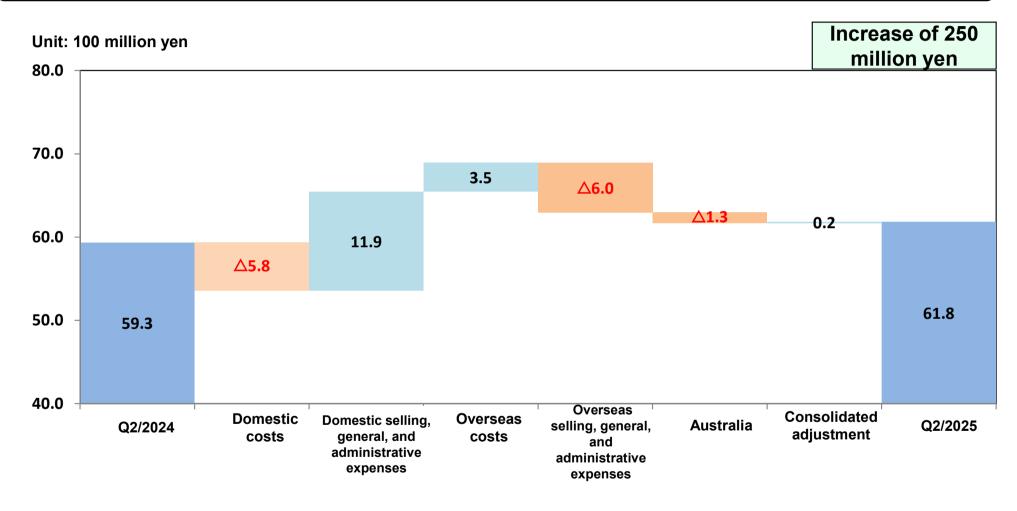
		Q2/2021	Q2/2022	Q2/2023	Q2/2024	Q2/2025
Net sales	(million yen)	19,062	23,150	28,002	37,292	41,755
Number of customers	(thousand customers)	32,102	33,382	32,424	44,010	46,901
Average spending per customer	(yen)	594	693	864	847	890

<sup>\*</sup> The above is the overseas figures.



#### **Operating Income** – Increase and Decrease in Operating Income

#### Compared to the previous year: 104.2% +250 million yen



Q2/2024:Operating income 5,930 million yen, operating margin 5.7% Q2/2025:Operating income 6,190 million yen, operating margin 5.1%

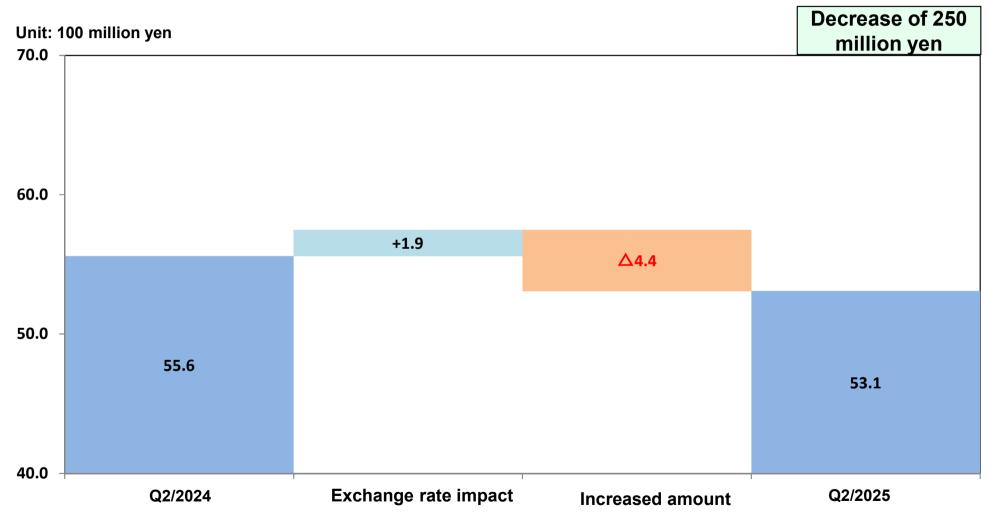
#### **Operating Income** – Increase and Decrease in Operating Income

(Factors for decreasing profits are shown with  $\triangle$ .)

Demostic emount of financial impact	<u> </u>	,
Domestic amount of financial impact		million yen
Costs		million yen
Exchange rate impact	△180	
Unit price (rice, lettuces, olive oil, etc. went up)	△580	
Physical distribution costs	△40	
Menu mix	390	
Other losses etc.	△170	
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	1,190	million yen
Labor costs (salary+2.4, bonus+1.6, uniforms△2.6)	460	
Facilities costs (house rent+10.1, depreciation expenses $\triangle$ 0.2,		
fixtures $\triangle$ 1.7, repair costs $\triangle$ 0.2)	730	
Utility costs	△100	
Other expenses	100	
Overseas amount of financial impact	△250	million yen
Costs	350	million yen
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	△600	million yen
Labor costs	△100	
Facilities costs	△550	
Utility costs	10	
Other expenses	40	
Amount of financial impact in Australia	△130	million yen
Consolidated adjustment	20	million yen
Amount of increase and decrease in operating income	250	million yen

# **Operating Income** — Increase and Decrease in Overseas Operating Income

#### Compared to the previous year: 95.6% $\triangle$ 250 million yen

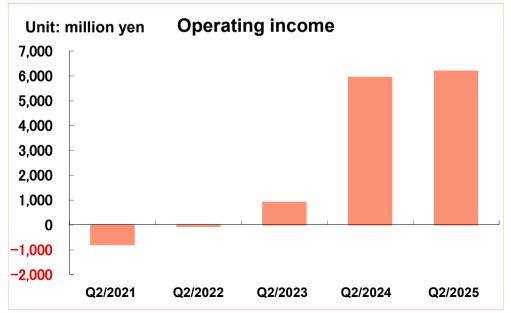


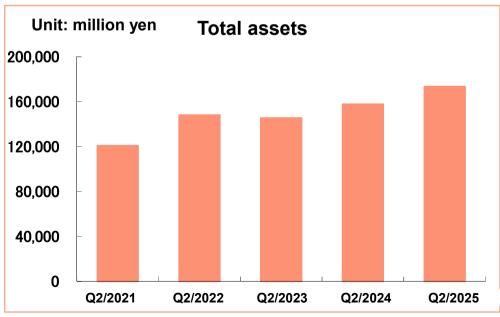
Exchange rate impact: +190 million yen Decreased amount:  $\triangle$ 440 million yen

**Trend of Business Results** 

	004	0004	001	10000	001		004		001	2224		mon yon
	Q2/2	2021	Q2/	2022	Q2/	2023	Q2/	2024	Q2/	2024	Q4/2025	(Budget)
Accounting item	Actual results	Compared to the previous period	Plan	Compared to the previous period								
Net sales	62,869	81.7%	69,211	110.1%	83,870	121.2%	104,634	124.8%	121,572	116.2%	258,700	115.2%
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	40,347	89.6%	43,725	108.4%	49,876	114.1%	55,504	111.3%	64,410	116.0%	135,000	115.2%
Operating income	-782	-	-46	-	904	-	5,934	655.9%	6,185	104.2%	15,500	104.3%
Ordinary incomer	-254	-	7,663	-	1,103	14.4%	6,482	587.4%	6,479	99.9%	15,700	100.7%
Net income	-565	-	5,031	-	595	11.8%	2,554	428.7%	4,669	182.8%	10,300	126.4%A
Amount of total assets	120,786	101.4%	148,035	122.6%	145,497	98.3%	157,753	108.4%	171,361	108.6%	177,200	105.4%
Amount of net assets	79,935	93.1%	89,422	111.9%	91,788	102.6%	100,983	110.0%	112,880	111.8%	119,800	108.1%

<sup>\*</sup> The Q4/2025 (Budget) is the revised budget.

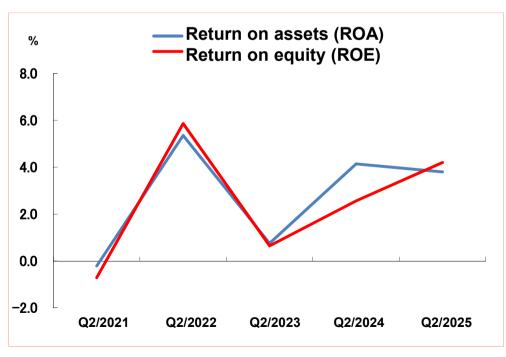


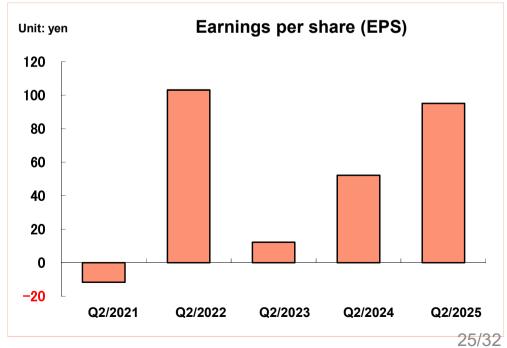


Unit: million ven

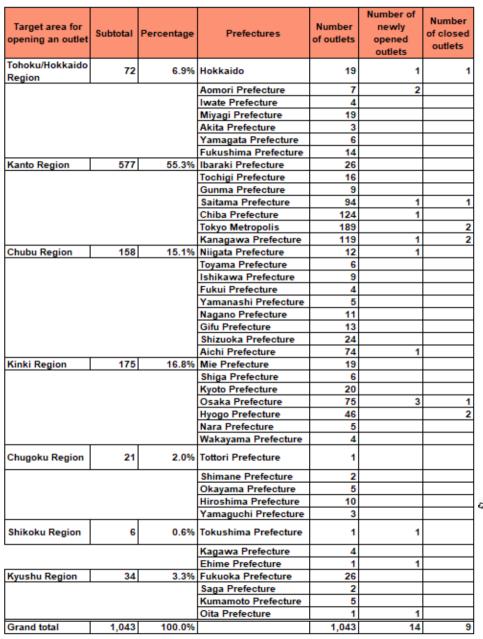
### **Management Indexes**

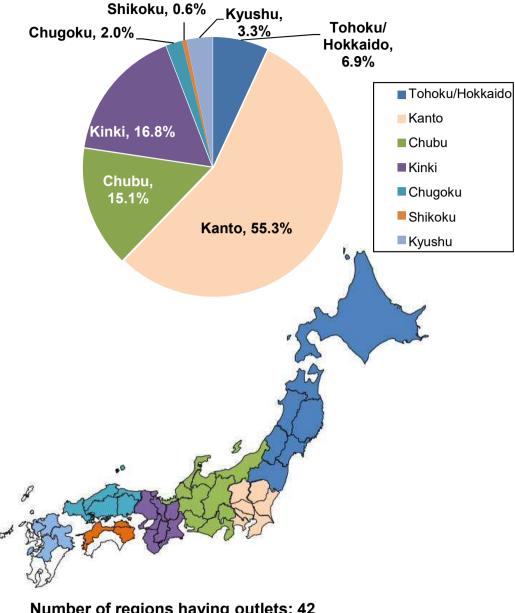
Item		Q2/2021	Q2/2022	Q2/2023	Q2/2024	Q2/2025
Return on assets (ROA)	%	-0.2	5.4	0.8	4.1	3.8
Total assets turnover	Number of times	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7
Earnings per share (EPS)	Yen	-11.65	103.10	12.20	52.15	95.07
Book value per share (BPS)	Yen	1,629.01	1,815.26	1,874.56	2,052.72	2,291.21
Capital adequacy ratio	%	65.6	59.9	62.7	63.8	65.6
Return on equity (ROE)	%	-0.7	5.9	0.6	2.6	4.2





#### Number of Outlets by Area in Japan



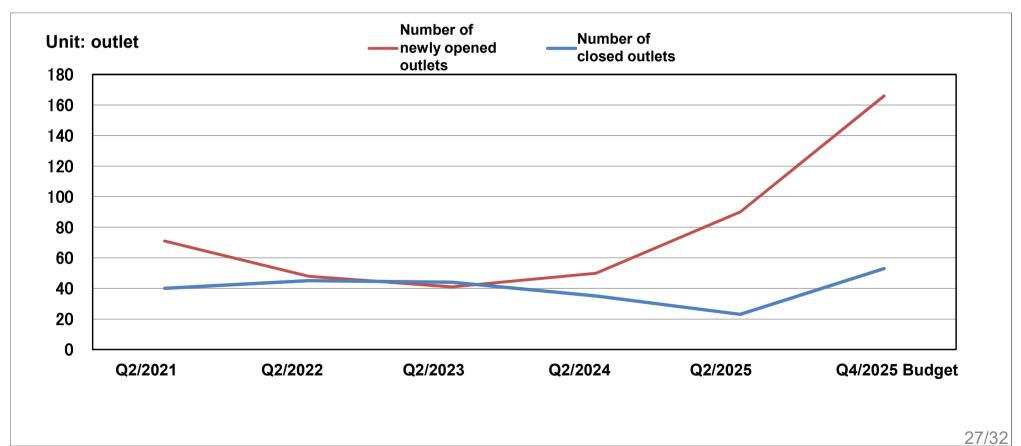


Number of regions having outlets: 42
Number of regions having no outlets: 5
Kochi Prefecture, Miyazaki Prefecture, Nagasaki Prefecture,
Kagoshima Prefecture, and Okinawa Prefecture

#### **Trend of Opening/Closing Outlets – Consolidated**

	Q2/2021	Q2/2022	Q2/2023	Q2/2024	Q2/2025	Q4/2025 Budget
Number of newly opened outlets	71	48	41	50	90	166
Number of closed outlets	40	45	44	35	23	53
Number of outlets as of the end of the fiscal year	1,548	1,556	1,544	1,555	1,636	1,682

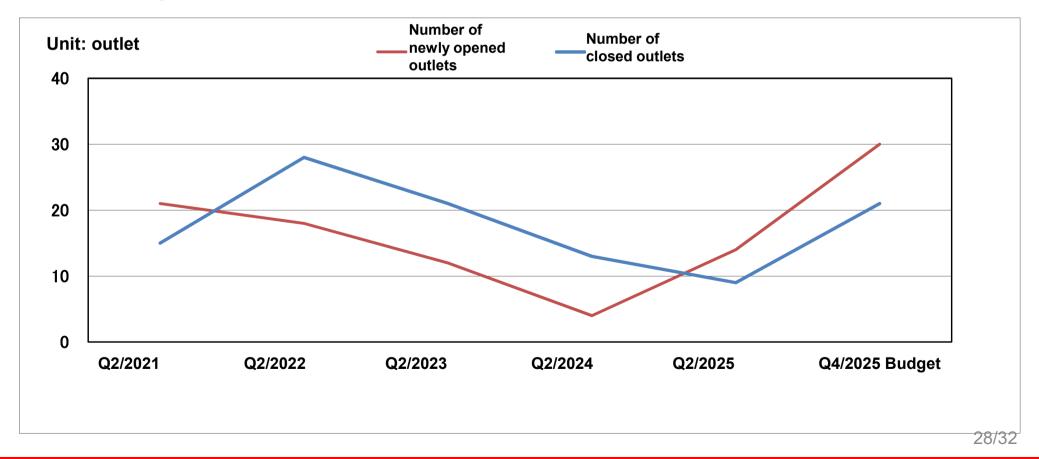
<sup>\*</sup> The Q2/2025 budget aims to achieve a net increase of 70 outlets.



### Trend of Opening/Closing Outlets - in Japan

	Q2/2021	Q2/2022	Q2/2023	Q2/2024	Q2/2025	Q4/2025 Budget
Number of newly opened outlets	21	18	12	4	14	30
Number of closed outlets	15	28	21	13	9	21
Number of outlets as of the end of the fiscal year	1,095	1,079	1,060	1,046	1,043	1,047

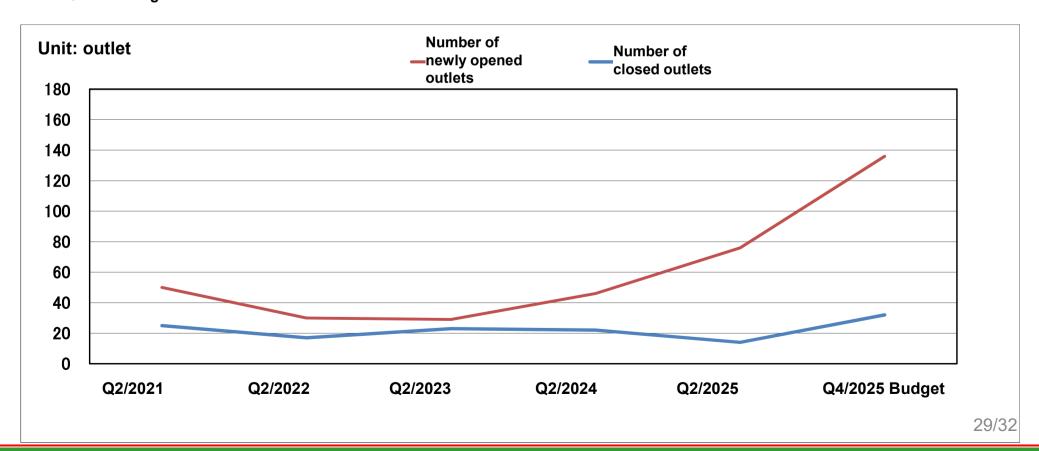
<sup>\*</sup> The Q2/2025 budget aims to achieve a net increase of 8 outlets.



### **Trend of Opening/Closing Outlets – Overseas**

	Q2/2021	Q2/2022	Q2/2023	Q2/2024	Q2/2025	Q4/2025 Budget
Number of newly opened outlets	50	30	29	46	76	136
Number of closed outlets	25	17	23	22	14	32
Number of outlets as of the end of the fiscal year	453	477	484	509	593	635

<sup>\*</sup> The Q2/2025 budget aims to achieve a net increase of 62 outlets.



## **Capital Investment**

Unit: million yen

	Q2/2021	Q2/2022	Q2/2023	Q2/2024	Q2/2025	Q4/2025 (Budget)
Newly opened outlets	1,087	922	656	244	1,002	2,697
Renovation of existing outlets	1,049	65	149	401	2,012	6,242
Yoshikawa Factory	0	3	0	3	2	674
Kanagawa Factory	97	763	0	16	440	377
Fukushima Factory	2	0	0	2	478	339
Hyogo Factory	1	15	0	7	43	1,484
Chiba Factory	0	0	3	4	18	806
Headquarters office and others	85	82	64	27	152	923
Subsidiaries	1,980	1,620	1,728	2,518	4,220	9,334
Capital investment (=A)	4,301	3,470	2,601	3,222	8,365	22,876
Cash flow (=B)	778	7,102	2,827	4,798	6,164	17,158
Out of which, depreciation expenses	2,824	2,960	3,122	3,137	3,693	8,100
Difference in amount between the above A and B	-2,929	3,632	225	1,576	-2,201	-5,718

<sup>\*</sup>The cash flow is calculated based on the simple method.

#### **Earnings Forecast**

Unit: 100 million yen

	Full business year	Year-on-year
Net sales	2,587	115.2%
Operating income	155	104.3%
Net income	103	126.4%

#### ■Net sales

In Japan: 168,500 million yen; Overseas: 90,200 million yen

Net increase in Japan: 9 outlets; Net overseas increase: 104 outlets

Existing outlets in Japan: 115.6% year-over-year (First half: 119.1%; second half: 112.0%) Existing overseas outlets: 98.0% year-over-year (First half: 96.1%, Second half: 99.8%)

#### **■**Operating income

In Japan, 3,600 million yen; Asia, 11,500 million yen; Australia, 400 million yen

Domestic gross margin rate: 54.2% Overseas gross margin rate: 65.0% Consolidated gross margin rate: 58.2%

Foreign exchange: AUD93.23, EUR155.60, USD149.67

#### ■Net income

In Japan, 5,200 million yen; Asia, 7,100 million yen; Australia, 900 million yen; Consolidated adjustment: △2,900 million yen

#### **■**Overseas budgetary rate

CNY 22.04, TWD 4.95, HKD 20.63, SGD 111.15

Item		Q4/2025(Budget)
Return on assets(ROA)	%	9.1
Total assets turnover	Number of times	1.5
Earnings per share(EPS)	Yen	210.15
Book value per share (BPS)	Yen	2,439.38
Capital adequacy ratio	%	67.3
Return on equity(ROE)	%	9.0

#### Challenges to be made from now on

Foster store managers capable of establishing the outlet organization. Implement active repair of the outlets so as to improve the outlet environment. Strengthen the merchandise strategy by newly establishing merchandisers.

Restructure production, physical distribution, and purchasing from a global perspective.

Streamline outlet operations through commissary functions.

Formulate work models, outlet layout models and profit models.

Promote DX and continue IT investments.

Promote SDGs in such a manner as the reduction of food losses and plastics, recycling, and energy saving.

Secure human resources and establish the education system to develop the outletopening strategy.

Work out the outlet-opening strategy that includes new overseas bases and countries.

# Saizeriya Co., Ltd., Financial Results Briefing Materials for the Second Quarter of the Fiscal

Year Ending August 31, 2025

(53<sup>rd</sup> Fiscal Year from September 1, 2024, to August 31, 2025)



